

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

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EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Sept. 12th, 1935

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church

Services for Sunday, Aug. 25

Sunday School, 10.15 a.m.
Church Service, 11.30 a.m.
Subject: "Are we preparing for the best?"
Leland Hall Church service, 2 p.m.
Social Plains, 4 p.m.
Rev. A. T. Bell, pastor.

Wedding

On Wednesday, August 28, at high noon, a very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Graham, Aoadia Valley, when their daughter, Katherine Isabel, was united in marriage to Roy Peers, eldest son of W. F. Peers of the same place.

Rev. H. Stevenson, of Oyam, assisted by G. Minelly, student pastor of Aoadia Valley United Church performed the ceremony.

To the strains of Lohengrin's Wedding March, played by Miss Jean Edwards, of Airdrie, the bride who was given in marriage by her father, entered the room.

She wore a lovely gown of sapphire blue transparent velvet, trimmed with silver with silver bandeau and pink rose buds in her hair and carried a beautiful sheaf of pink Ophelia rose buds and maiden hair ferns.

The home was beautifully decorated with potted plants and sweet peas.

During the signing of the register, Miss Minelly sang, "I Love You Truly," accompanied by Miss Jean Edwards.

After the ceremony a buffet luncheon was served to the relatives and friends. The bride's table which was decorated with pink and white streamers falling from the ceiling, was centred by a four-tiered wedding cake at each corner of which stood a little doll in bridal costume bearing messages of advice and good wishes to the bride and groom. Tall pink candles and pink and white sweet peas with gypsophylla completed the table decorations. The bride's travelling costume was of grey tweed with matching accessories.

Amid showers of confetti and streamers and old shoes the happy couple left on a motor trip to Calgary and Banff and other points. They are expected to arrive back this week and will take up their residence in Aoadia Valley. We join in the

Dr. F. W. Gershaw Addresses Local Electors

Dr. F. W. Gershaw, federal member for the constituency of Medicine Hat, addressed a meeting of electors, in the theatre on Wednesday evening, September 4. Chairman of the meeting was Dr. A. K. McNeill, who introduced the speaker. Dr. Gershaw gave a review of legislation which had come before members of the House during the term of office of the present government. Of measures for which he had voted and of other measures that he had voted against. He stressed the fact of maintaining his independence in that regard. He congratulated the local member, David Lush, on his election to the provincial house, to which the latter made suitable reply.

Dr. F. W. Gershaw Is Liberal Choice for the Medicine Hat Constituency

A plan against electing Social Credit candidates to the house of commons "until you prove its worth in your own domain," was made by Premier Hapburn, of Ontario, at a Liberal nominating convention, held at Medicine Hat, on Friday, Sept. 6th, for the federal riding of Medicine Hat.

Dr. F. W. Gershaw, member of the house of commons for the last ten years, was unanimously re-nominated.

"What we hope is that Alberta won't send down a conglomeration of representatives," Mr. Hapburn said. He stated in a brief reference to Social Credit that he could not subscribe to the policies of Premier Aberhart of Alberta.

Huey P. Hong Assassinated

Gravely wounded by a shot fired at close range into his body by a political assassin, Huey P. Long, senator, director and kingfisher of Louisiana, died early Tuesday morning. Dr. Carl A. Weiss 39, who fired the fatal shot, was instantly killed by shots fired by Long's body-guard.

Mrs. H. Demarest, and daughter, Evelyn, and Miss Atkins, teacher, of Banff, arrived back home on Wednesday night's train.

many good wishes extended to them of happiness and joy throughout the future years.

Inter School Field Meet At Trossley

The fourth annual inter-school meet was held at Mayfield Hall, on Saturday afternoon, August 11, 1935.

Weather was suitable for the occasion and events were run off with good competition. The five schools to compete were Ainslie, Chesterfield, Mayfield, Trossley and Wainfleet. Chesterfield were, however, unable to be present.

Not a large crowd gathered owing to harvest and threshing activities, but Mr. W. A. Rose, Inspector of Schools, Kiander, was with us for a short time.

Wainfleet School stood first, winning the shield for 1935; Mayfield stood second; Ainslie stood third.

Individual winners were: Boys—1st, Ralph Rivers, W. 40 pts.

2nd, Fred Chapman, W. 30 pts.
3rd, Harold Haynes, A. 28 pts.

Girls—1st, Grace Chapman, W. 33 pts.
2nd, Laura Haynes, M. Evelyn Rivers, W. 30 pts.

3rd, Edna Leach, M. Irene Rivers, W. 25 pts.

In our parade, Trossley came first; Ainslie second and Mayfield third.

Our sports were closed by a ball game, Mayfield and Ainslie playing against Trossley and Wainfleet. Owing to darkness the game was called in favour of Mayfield and Ainslie.

Allice L. Rivers, Sec.-Treas., Mayfield Athletic Club.

Final Returns for Empire Constituency

The final returns of the voting in this constituency at the Provincial election, was as follows:

David Lush, S. C., 1142 votes.

Kevin A. Pellock, Liberal, 225 votes.

William Cunningham Smith, U.F.A., 345 votes.

Spilled ballots, 45.

Both the Liberal and U.F.A. candidates, lost their deposits. It is estimated that the provincial treasury will be enriched by some \$7000.00 as the result of candidates in various constituencies losing their deposits.

Mr. Graetz, and party of Seepers, Sask., were visitors in town on Sunday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Mair

Mrs. Mair was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, on the 6th of September, 1849. She came to Canada with her eldest daughter 22 years ago, and has made her home in the Social Plains district. She leaves to mourn her loss, two sons and three daughters, Robert and William of Vancouver; Mary (Mrs. James Davidson, of Social Plains); Jean (Mrs. James Sangster, of Medicine Hat), and Annie (Mrs. Alex. Morgan, of Calgary); also one brother, George, of Perth, Scotland.

During the later years of her life she was confined to her bed, but maintained the cheery manner which she always had, to the very end. She possessed a very bright disposition and was well liked by old and young. The funeral service was held in the United Church, Empress and interment took place in the Empress cemetery. Rev. A. T. Bell was in charge of the service.

Canada to Have Advisory Group on Social Credit

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—Following the spectacular victory for Social Credit in the recent Alberta elections, it has been decided to form a national advisory council on Social Credit with members elected from all provinces of Canada for the purpose of co-ordinating and uniting all existing organizations.

While it is not planned to elect another political party into Canadian politics it is felt that such an organization will do a lot towards educating public opinion in favor of such monetary reform and eventually bringing it to pass through existing parties.

"We will concentrate on Ontario and Quebec," said Ralph L. Ducloux, president of the Social Credit Bureau here, "while in the other provinces, especially in the West, the existing organizations will look after the requirements in their respective fields. Alberta, British Columbia and Saskatchewan are well cared for by Social Credit Clubs, and there is a strong organization in Winnipeg to look after Manitoba."

Dr. Dowler and party, from Leader, Sask., were visitors to Geo. Hassard's ranch north of the river, Sunday.

Bindless Notes

Bindless school re-opened on Sept. 3. Mr. R. Brown of Medicine Hat, in charge.

Miss M. Watson spent the week-end in Medicine Hat.

Messrs. J. Herman and O. Ejelberg attended the Social Credit convention in Medicine Hat on Saturday last.

Mrs. Gordon Cameron spent a week with her sister, Miss Lydia Job, in Medicine Hat.

Misses Elsie Spaanen and Eileen Hutchison are attending high school in Calgary this term.

Miss Margaret Donovan spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. J. Herman.

Lower Grain Storage Rates

Something new in the history of the grain business in Western Canada developed recently when the Alberta Pool Elevators announced its intention of cutting the storage rates for grain carried in its elevators by approximately one-third effective from August 31, 1935, to August 31, 1936.

Pool Elevators will charge 1.45th cent a bushel a day for grain in store instead of 1.30th cent a bushel a day—the rate which has prevailed for many years. The new rate will apply for grain stored in its over 435 country houses as well as its 4 terminals at the Pacific coast.

Alberta Pool Elevators is a Co-operative organization owned and operated by Alberta farmers. In that position it considers it a privilege to be instrumental in reducing costs in some measure to grain growers in a year when crops have suffered severely from drought, hail and frost.

Alberta Pool Makes Payment to Government

This week the Alberta Wheat Pool made a payment of \$183,450.00 to the Alberta Government, this being the instalment of principal and interest due September 1st on the 1929 overpayment obligation. The Alberta Government guaranteed the Pool's indebtedness incurred through the overpayment, and the organization is repaying the amount in annual instalments. Alberta Wheat Pool has promptly met the annual payments when due—Pool Budget.

St. Mary's Anglican Church

Sunday, Sept. 22
Evening: Holy Communion, 11.00 a.m.

Leland: Evensong, 2.00 p.m.
Estuary: Evensong, 4.30 p.m.

Empress: Evensong, 7.30 p.m.
Rev. J. S. Parke, Vicar.

Card of Thanks

We take this means of expressing our heartfelt thanks for the numerous expressions of sympathy, floral tributes, during our recent bereavement.—Mr. and Mrs. James Davidson.

Paint Prices Sharply Reduced

A sharp reduction in the price of first quality house paint to \$3.95 per gallon is announced by the manufacturers of Canada's best known brands of paint. The reduction is to take effect immediately.

In making this announcement, the companies concerned state that the reduction is not justified by any change in market conditions or manufacturing costs. They point out, however, that during the past few years many householders have been misled by "bargain" prices into using inferior paint with results that reacted unfavorably on the whole industry. drastic action was felt to be necessary to check a situation that seriously threatened property values all over the country.

The new low price is designed to make it easier for property owners to use first quality paint only, with resulting benefits to the property and to the community in general.

The companies announcing the reduction are Canada Paint, International Varnish, Martin-Senour and Sherwin-Williams.

Register Citizens For Dividends

Edmonton, Sept. 10.—Preliminary steps in preparation for registration of Alberta citizens for the Social Credit basic dividends of \$25 monthly will be started immediately through an elaborate network of workers in each of the 65 provincial constituencies. It was announced Monday by Acting Premier Manning.

Mrs. J. Murdoch, and daughter, arrived home, from a visit to Crowfield, Alta., on Wednesday.

THE ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN COMPANY LIMITED

Headquarters for School Supplies

We now have a good stock comprising Exercise Books, Scribbles, Pencils, Erasers, Pens, Crayons, Rulers, Geometry Sets, Loose Leaf Books, Fountain Pens, etc. Let us know your needs.

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

We are agents for leading nurseries. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

TRAVEL BARGAINS TO

EASTERN CANADA

Sept. 21 to Oct. 4

CHOICE OF TRAVEL IN COACHES - TOURIST or STANDARD SLEEPERS
Fare slightly higher for Tourist or Standard Sleepers in addition to usual berth charges

RETURN LIMIT 21 DAYS
In addition to date of sale
STOPOVERS ALLOWED
at Stations Port Arthur and East

For Fares, Train Service, etc., Apply Ticket Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Reduction in Grain Storage Rates In Alberta Pool Elevators

Announcement is made that a storage rate of 1.45th of a cent a bushel per day will apply on grain stored in all Alberta Pool elevators, effective from August 31, 1935, for the ensuing license year. The present rate, which has prevailed for many years, is 1.30th of a cent a bushel a day.

The Alberta Pool Elevators is making this voluntary reduction as a temporary measure in reducing cost to grain growers during the present recognized emergency in the marketing of grain.

The proposed reduction will affect 432 Pool Elevators in this province as well as four terminals operated by the Alberta Pool on the Pacific coast.

ALBERTA POOL ELEVATORS

Enjoy the Best Tea



Nature Upsets Man's Plans

Harvest time in Western Canada has again arrived and for the next few weeks great activity, from early morning till late at night, will be the rule right across these western plains. Following several years of short crops, and in many sections complete failure of crops due to drought, and consequently lack of resources on the part of tens of thousands of farmers to seed and harvest a crop this year, governments and municipalities, banks, mortgage, loan and implement companies made provision whereby farmers were supplied with feed, fodder, seed, gas and oil, machinery repairs, hired tractors, and other essential services. Each individual farmer may not have received all that he desired, but, speaking broadly, the needs of the situation were fairly well met.

Taking the country as a whole, and excepting certain more or less restricted areas, copious rains have fallen throughout the growing season, following a somewhat late seeding. Up to a few weeks ago prospects for at least a normal, if not above normal crop, were bright. Grasshoppers and cut worms which were at first threatened, seemed to have been brought to end control, weather conditions prevailing being a main factor to that end. Prospects for a fairly large and satisfactory crop were excellent, and estimates of as high as 350,000,000 to 400,000,000 bushels of wheat were commonly made.

But last month the bright picture became clouded as rust made its appearance in the wheat fields, coming in from the southeast and spreading rapidly westward and northward. Governments, financial concerns, economic planners, farmers, and individuals alike are powerless against this development of Nature. For years technical agricultural experts, chemists and scientists employed by governments have been seeking a means to offset the ravages of rust to develop a rust-resistant variety of wheat, but have been resistant. But Nature this year has defied all their efforts, and it is now self-evident that Western farmers will sustain heavy losses through the effect of rusted crops.

Estimates of the total rust already run as high as 100,000,000 bushels of wheat; some estimates are even higher, and, of course, the actual loss will not be known until the harvest is completed. On many farms, even in some municipalities, no wheat will be harvested.

There is no desire to detract or to belittle the situation. Notwithstanding the inroads by rust upon what a few weeks ago was one of the most promising crops in many years, the general agricultural situation is decidedly better than for some years past. Grass again covers great areas of the West which recently presented a desert-like appearance. Feed and fodder formerly lacking is now available. Garden crops are generally reported to be good. But the big cash crop of the West, wheat, will be smaller and of decidedly less value than was hoped for and expected a few weeks ago.

The whole country must face this unfortunate fact and meet it to the best of its ability. No human agency can be held responsible for the losses sustained. It was beyond Governments, corporations, and individuals alike to prevent. All will be included in the losses sustained—Governments through loss of revenues and the necessity of providing assistance where it was not anticipated it would be necessary; railways through loss of traffic and therefore loss of revenues; railway, elevator, machine company and other employees, including farm laborers, through less employment; financial concerns to whom money for advances made is owing but which cannot be paid as fully as was anticipated; farmers more especially because the returns for their year's labor are swept away or very largely reduced. In a word, no existing political, financial, economic, or social system is responsible for the heavy losses the country is sustaining. Nature and conditions developed under its intractable laws are the sole cause.

But Nature is not always unkind. In the long run it always strikes a fair balance. Its laws operate not for one year, but throughout cycles of years. Man must not only recognize this truth, but govern himself accordingly. There is no good end to be served by becoming dependent and discouraged. There is only one courageous thing to do, and that is to face the situation and the problems presented. Losses to-day will be compensated for by gains to-morrow. That is a law of Nature. Therefore, the future must be faced with courage and determination. Life is a battle and must be fought. Man could not exist on "flowery beds of ease." If he is to succeed and reach the topmost rungs of the ladder of life, he must exert himself and climb, battling against all obstructions in his way, eradicating the weeds that cling and clog his steps, removing weaknesses and strengthening the ladder. Climbing he will become stronger; crouching at the foot of the ladder, waiting for somebody to carry him up, he will become flabby and weak and eventually succumb. Courage and determination, which will bring confidence, is essential to success in any walk of life. And in the long run Nature will not bar the way, rather it will be found helpful and co-operating.

Wood Ready For Use

Germany Has Treatment To Season Trees While Growing

Telegraph poles, railway ties and other heavy wood necessities may be grown to order by a treatment which has just been discovered in Germany. Trees are made to season themselves so that when felled their wood is ready for immediate use. A bore hole is made in the tree trunk, and a special chemical solution containing arsenic and other salts is injected into the living tissue. The chemicals enter the sap strands of the tree, and are gradually carried to the ends of the highest branches. The tree does not survive the treatment very long, but as it dies it becomes thoroughly saturated with preservative and can be used on railroads or for telegraph and telephone poles without any of the usual treatment.

A FASCINATING FLAVOR

FRUIT FLAVOR
KEEPS
TEETH SPARKLING

Serves Double Purpose

Balloon Which Turns Into Parachute Tested Near Moscow

A "parachute balloon" designed to change its form in the air and to first serve as a parachute, has made its first experimental flight from the field of the government dirigible factory near Moscow. The balloon, which was ordered to ascend 20,000 feet, then to open the valve, permitting the gas to escape. The underpart of the bag in a manner the bag gradually takes the form of a parachute.

Keep cut-iron work in good condition by rubbing with blacklead.

Beer was made by the Egyptians 5,000 years ago.

Trying For New Record

Speed Of 300 M.P.H. In Sir Malcolm Campbell's Auto

A circus of record-breaking under the boiling sun on Utah's salt desert, planned as the greatest show in the history of automobile speed racing, is the September aim of Sir Malcolm Campbell and Captain George Eyston, Britain's swiftest drivers.

The speed kings announced their plans—to sail together, Sir Malcolm to shoot again at his dream of 300 miles an hour in the veteran car; Eyston to tackle every mark between that one and 24 hours. Filled with glowing accounts of the Bonneville salt flats sunbaked by his friend, John Cobb, who recently set 21 new records there, Campbell is confident that old Lady Blenheim, the six-ton thunder wagon that roared to the present land speed record of 274.8 in the sands of Daytona Beach last winter, finally will carry him this time over a mile in 22 seconds flat—300 miles an hour.

"I'm sure I'll beat 300 this time," Campbell said. "Then I'll knock racing and stick to business."

The 50-year-old Englishman who has no challenger to-day for speed over a measured mile has made a few alterations in the Blenheim since his return from Florida.

Captain Eyston, who in the past nine years has set 200 records, more than any other living man, will alternate record tries with Campbell. Eyston will drive a fearsome looking front-drive juggernaut, powered with a 400-horsepower Rolls Royce aviation engine. It tanks carry 48 gallons of gasoline, giving it a 500-mile range without refueling. Eyston believes he can average 100 miles an hour or higher for 24 hours and in driving Albert Dunsly along to driver.

Fingerprints By Radio

Experiments Have Shown Great Improvement In Results Obtained

Transmission of fingerprints by radio is the latest link between science and criminal detection. The link that is being more strongly forged by Scotland Yard every day. Experiments were begun several months ago. At present, the results are regarded as an every day practical business, considerable improvement has been received in the results obtained.

At first the images were blurred, even when sent from enlarged prints, but greater technical equipment has gradually overcome this drawback. The time is very near when in urgent cases, portable apparatus will be used to transmit fingerprints direct from the scene of the crime to Scotland Yard records, it was predicted.

As the technique of wired and radio transmission improves, it will be possible to send life-size fingerprint photographs speedily over any distance. The police in Scotland Yard rapidly turn new scientific inventions to its own use in the fight against criminals. The police in the famed investigating department, Lord Trenchard, has had much to do with the reorganization plans.

Demand For Homespun

Women In Quebec Are Kept Busy Filling Orders

Spinning wheels and hand looms in the district around Murray Bay, Quebec, are kept busy as the housewives try to fill demands of the fashionable world for homespun fabrics.

For years Murray Bay has been famous as the home of homespun; its fine, soft blankets and candlewick spreads have been carried away by tourists to far parts of Canada, and even to the United States. The spreads are still the blankets, aprons and hooked rugs, but the rage for homespun fabrics from which mitts and skirts, sport jackets and coats are being made.

Much of the charm of the new fabrics is in the natural coloring and weaves. Colors are from natural vegetable dyes, the habitation women making the fabrics from beginning to end.

Though women are doing most of the buying of habitation homespun, men are also using them for sports wear.

Making Progress

"Bon," wrote a busy father, "emulate Benjamin Franklin, who said, 'To learn the value of money, borrow it.'"

In due time the boy at college replied: "Dear Dad, I did so as you suggested. Borrowed \$50 from my roommate. What do I owe?"

More than two dozen species of orchids grow wild in the region around Chicago. 2111

Power Of Sun Rays

Amount Of Sunburn In Sunlight Measured By Machine

Government scientists of the United States have successfully tested a machine which measures the amount of sunburn in a few minutes.

Dr. W. W. Cobbett, internationally famous radiation expert of the National Bureau of Standards, has perfected the machine which measures the ultraviolet rays of sunlight which cause sunburn and tanning. The machine is known technically as a portable precision ultraviolet ray meter.

Ultraviolet rays comprise less than a thousandth of the total radiation coming from the sun, Dr. Cobbett said. Yet these particular rays are strong enough to scorch the skin with only several hours exposure during the summer months. The rays also are used in treating rickets.

Tests have been made at Washington and San Juan, Puerto Rico. Both are situated at sea level and relatively free from smoke and dust. Dr. Cobbett pointed out that altitude and flying parties were factors in measuring sunburn.

The "tanning" rays were somewhat stronger at San Juan than in Washington at the same comparative altitudes. This conforms with other radiation studies made in the tropics which show that the sun, being directly overhead, has to send its light through less ozone in the atmosphere. Experts estimate that the sunlight reaching Washington has to travel through approximately five per cent. more atmosphere than at San Juan, thus absorbing more ultraviolet rays.

Other tests performed at Flagstaff, Ariz., showed less ozone in the afternoon than in the morning and thereafter a greater atmospheric transparency. Autumn was found to be more transparent there than the spring, experts found.

Fog takes its share of the ultraviolet rays out of the sunlight and there is less possibility of tanning when humidity is high. It was found. Physicians are interested in the device because of the curative power of ultraviolet rays in cases of rickets, which is practically unknown in the tropics.

The present machine screens out the ultraviolet or "tanning" rays in the sunlight and measures them quantitatively with the aid of a photo-electric cell.

Sees Market In Britain

Opportunity For Export Of Tuberculin-Free Cattle From Canada

Prevalence of bovine tuberculosis in Great Britain provides a great opportunity for Canadian cattle breeders to develop a large market for tuberculin-free cattle. Dr. Arthur Macdonald, president of the Canadian Medical Association touring party, said at Toronto before entraining for Winnipeg. Dr. Stephens is an adherent of the tuberculin-free policy.

"Sixty per cent. of cattle in Great Britain show tuberculosis in tests," Dr. Stephens stated. "Canada's development of a tuberculin-free policy can be reduced. For this reason and because opinion in Great Britain is strongly in favor of tuberculin-free meat, I believe a wonderful opportunity exists to benefit both Canadian cattle-breeders and the British people."

A Modern Samson

Native Of India Earns Nickname With His Feats

N. K. Modi of Dumka, Bihar, India, has earned for himself—with good reason—the nickname of "Samson." Here are some of the feats he has recently accomplished:

Killed a tiger single-handed, armed only with a knife.

Killed a buffalo by twisting its horns till the neck broke;

Put to flight, by himself, a gang of 10 bandits. Saved the life of his servant, who fell down a well. He was just in time to catch as the man's left ankle with one hand as he disappeared over the edge, and he hauled him back with ease into safety.

Surplus Dairy Nations

New Zealand, Australia, Denmark, Netherlands, Canada, Italy, and Switzerland appear to be the world surplus dairy nations. The United Kingdom is the world market, supplemented by Germany in the case of butter, by the United States, Germany and Belgium in the case of a number of nations in condensed and evaporated milk.

The human eye responds to wave lengths of light from those 167 ten-millionths of an inch long, which give a sensation of violet, to those 266 ten-millionths of an inch long, which give a sensation of red.

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Chantecler CIGARETTE PAPERS

FASHION FANCIES

The King's Reach

Section Of Thames Named In Honor Of Dublin

The river Thames, so far as it runs through the metropolitan district of London, is divided into a series of sections called "reaches." There is Chelsea Reach, Blackwall Reach, Greenwich Reach, Gallions Reach, and so on, but one section appeared to have escaped notice. It was a deficiency which has just been rectified in honor of the King's silver jubilee. This is the stretch between the Pool near London, so familiar in pictures, just west of the Tower Bridge, and Lambeth Reach, which terminates on the Houses of Parliament side of Westminster Bridge. The Port of London Authority has decided to call it "The King's Reach."

Upon a "The King's Reach" was more used as the King's Highway than the road itself between Westminster and the Tower of London, the royal residence. St. James Palace being at one end while His Majesty often had business at the Tower—sometimes very dirty business at that. So the "The King's Reach" is an appropriate name for this important waterway. It includes London Bridge, Southwark Bridge, Blackfriars Bridge, Waterloo Bridge to Westminster, and on the shore-line are such noted places as Hillsgate Fish Market, Cannon street railway station, St. Paul's Cathedral, Victoria Embankment, including Cleopatra's Needle, Somerset House, where wills are filed and all the births, deaths and marriages in England are registered, Charing Cross and Scotland Yard.

So if you should happen to be in Old London and lean over the parapet somewhere between the Houses of Parliament and the Tower looking at what John Burra calls "liquid history," that part is "The King's Reach."—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Gave Address On Slang

Professor Of English Says It Is Language On Trial

At the spring meeting of Yorkshire District Society held at Wilberforce House, J. H. Gratton, Professor of English language and philology in Liverpool University gave an address on slang, cant, and jargon. He said it was impossible to acquire a thorough knowledge of English without being familiar with slang and vulgarisms. Slang was language on trial, but no word or expression had any real meaning outside its context and situation in which it occurred. Cant was originally the secret language of the underworld, and he defined jargon as language unintelligible out of its proper sphere. Consideration would show the absurdity of condemning slang unheard. Attempts had been made to classify it according to occupations. What we really wanted was more knowledge about the passing of sectional slang into general slang. Words which were started as slang had risen in value and become an essential part of our colloquial or literary vocabulary.

New Tower Telescope

A new solar tower telescope, the first of its kind in England and the only large astronomical telescope in the world with optical parts made entirely of fused quartz, has been completed at the observatory in Oxford, England.

The liver in a human body is about seven times as large as necessary for the work the organ does.

Rob M'Nair is gentle. He answers a question, gives information, quotes a fact, and puts you on your feet!

MINARD'S KING OF PAIN OINTMENT

Four hundred years are required by nature to build one inch of top soil, according to recent estimates.

Rattlesnades and from two to three "rattles" annually, and sometimes four.

Four hundred years are required by nature to build one inch of top soil, according to recent estimates.

JOHN VAN GUILDER.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Friends of the late Col. T. E. Lawrence—Lawrence of Arabia—announced the death of Sir Paul's Cathedral had offered space there for a memorial to him.

Dr. E. Cora Hind, of the Winnipeg Free Press, was the luncheon guest of the directors of the Liverpool Corn Trade Association on July 3 at Liverpool.

Notices inviting all negro men in Montreal aged 21 or over, in good physical condition, to register for service with the forces of Emperor Haile Selassie, of Ethiopia, have been posted throughout Montreal.

A loan of \$500,000 has just been authorized by the Dominion government to the province of Manitoba for the reconstruction of the city of Winnipeg to meet expenses of the city in connection with 1934 relief projects.

Sweden recently celebrated the 100th anniversary of the Swedish Riksdag or parliament, the first recorded meeting being in 1435. Only the British and Icelandic parliaments are older than Sweden's.

First import of its kind through Montreal, anthracite coal from French Indo-China—a quantity of \$400,000 tons carried in the Norwegian motorship Bonnevillie—arrived recently to be sold on the Canadian market.

Hear-Admiral General Charles Dickson, a grandson of the famous novelist, was appointed commander-in-chief of the reserve fleet of the royal navy, in succession to Admiral Astley-Rushton, killed in a motorcar accident.

A crate of used books arrived at the entrance to the London county jail. Just a bit of reading for the prisoners. The titles included: "A Book of Days" by W. G. Smith; "Canada's governor-general designate, and "Bars of Iron," by Ethel M. Dell.

Returning To Japan

Charming Native Of Korea Spends Three Years Attending Canadian Schools

Sada Nawie, charming native of Korea, is returning to Japan after spending three years in Canada attending Canadian colleges. She plans to take back to her native land methods of western education.

She taught school in Korea, later going to Japan, where she worked with Dr. P. G. Price, evangelist. On his advice she left for Canada, spending two years at Alma College, St. Thomas, Ont., before studying at a training school. She plans to be a religious educationist in Tokyo.

In a Japanese kimono she loves to dance the interpretive dances of her people. She is an accomplished musician.

Miss Nawie is visiting in Edmonton as the guest of Miss Dorothy McInnis, with whom she attended United Church Missionary Training College in Toronto last year.

She said no English translation could do justice to Japanese poetry, which was written in two measures, one containing 31 beats, metrically divided, and the other 17. Chinese in their earliest lessons were taught verse, and she wrote her first poem at the age of five.

Japanese women were invading every field—even the police force, and were popular officers, she said.

Restrictions For Newsboys

Vendors In Peiping, China, Forbidden To Shout Headlines

Deeming that the loud cries of newsboys tended to spread alarm and uneasiness in that already nervous city, the Peiping government has issued an order whereby all newsboys are prohibited from shouting the headlines of their papers, but must limit themselves to merely announcing the names of their publications.

Another reason for the new ruling is that the newsboys' shouting in a vulgar, loud voice the racy and picturesque stories that appear even in the last detail, in the less reputable papers.

Fall In Driving Tests

A greater number of women than men motorists have failed to pass the new official driving tests in Great Britain. A special report showing the percentage of the women "ploughed" by the Ministry of Transport examiners since the tests began has just been made public.

No Test Needed

American paper money will fold five thousand times by actual test, without cracking or breaking. There is no need for any such test in Canada, where it is impossible to hold on to paper money for more than one folding says the Ottawa Citizen.

Pens And Penmanship

Steel Pen Invented Early In The 18th Century

The charge that he was over pens and penmanship, letter-writing and bookkeeping, the whole art of correspondence, in the last half-century is an illustration of our development in speed and consequent change of practice. We have gained much, although we have lost something. What we have certainly left behind us is the wondrous variety of characteristic calligraphy, often difficult to decipher, that was carried by the mails.

The earliest writing instruments were the brush of the Chinese and the Egyptians and the stylus of the Greeks and the Romans. The origin of the quill for writing is uncertain, but it was for many centuries the chief writing instrument, holding its own until the middle of the last century. Fifty or sixty years ago, a judge on the bench might still be seen scratching his notes with a goose quill, and many men, clinging to habit, wrote their correspondence that way.

The steel pen was invented early in the 18th century and took the place of the quill. Its made style somewhat more uniform and its voice persists, despite the influence of the typewriter. Many leading men in Canada wrote their letters by hand with a steel pen and that is still considered the ultimate of correct letter-writing. This calligraphic pen came next, but it has been replaced by the fountain pen, a handy instrument, although it is still used by many of the highest art in penmanship or decorative writing.

There are over half a million fountain pens in Canada in a year, and the factory value of other pens is over \$80,000. Our importations are considerable but the domestic production is far in excess.

This information is from reports issued by the General Manufacturers Association of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Gardening Favorite Hobby

Biographies Of Women Show It Tops The List

Be she ever so famous, woman appears still hesitant to tell her age. "American Women" contains biographies of 6,214 women chosen for earned fame. But 2,507—more than one-third—declined to tell her age. On other subjects too there was reticence—1,852 did not state politics and 1,171 did not state religious beliefs.

The famous woman is mostly unmarried, 59 per cent. to be exact. Teaching and writing ranked all other occupations, gardeners topped the hobbies with 568 adherents; walking was the ladylike first choice in recreations and sports with 721 devotees for it. Swimming was second with 592.

Italy's Wheat-Mixing Law

Has Cut Down Imports Of Grain From Canada

Imports of Canadian wheat into Italy are restricted only by the relatively high custom duties—over six dollars per 100 kilos—but also by the application of the wheat-mixing law. The latter, as at present enforced, compels Italian millers to grind 90 per cent. of both hard and soft Italian wheat, thus leaving only one per cent. foreign wheat in the finished product. In spite of these difficulties, Canada exported 24,512 metric tons of hard, 18,523 metric tons of soft wheat, and 15,594 quintals (220 pounds per quintal) of wheat flour to Italy in 1934.

Too Much Waiting

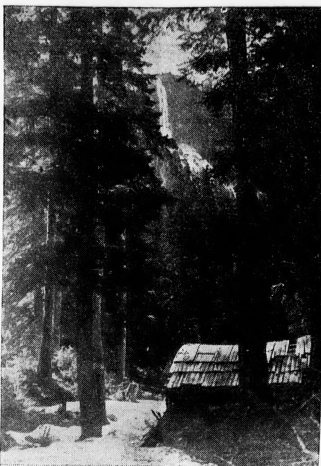
Young People Are Not Creating Opportunities As They Should

Students of Canadian history have been impressed of late by the thought that many present difficulties would disappear if young people were prepared to face pioneer conditions and make a way for themselves as earlier generations did in this country. There is too great a tendency to wait for governments or organizations to create favorable opportunities, and too much dependence upon services and conveniences and environment which exists only because of the toil which others performed many years ago.

Mercury in the fastest of all the planets in the solar system and revolves about the sun at approximately 1.5 million a second. The earth travels 18 miles a second in its journey around the sun.

There are no new places left in the world to discover, lamenting a explorer. We had been wandering on a globe so hard to find a fresh spot for a picnic.

TEN TIMES HIGHER THAN NIAGARA



Della Falls on Vancouver Island, reached by road and trail from Victoria. The falls cascades ten times higher than Niagara and nearly four times higher than the famous falls on the Victoria-Nyanza on the Zambesi in Africa. They are in the heart of Vancouver Island and are reached from Victoria by motor road 138 miles and then 10 miles trail. They are the highest falls on this continent and the second of their highest falls in the world.

Encouraging Results

Discoverer Of Enslaved Humans Treatment May Result In Cancer Control

Dr. H. C. Connell, who has announced discovery of biological products he named "ensulas" for treatment in cancer, said he was greatly encouraged by results so far achieved. He has been working steadily on detailed reports for publication in scientific and medical journals, with the assistance of a pathologist. He has also been studying the cause of cancer.

Marked improvement has been shown by patients under Dr. Connell's care, even after 10 days' treatment. Requests for treatment, from as far away as Texas, continue to come in.

Dr. Connell has found injection of the "ensul" solution into the bloodstream arrests cancer growth. He hopes the treatment may prove difficult to control cancer.

Little Of Both

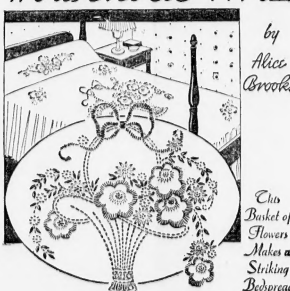
A school inspector began by putting a few questions to the small girls.

"Now," he said, "if all the good people were white, and all the bad people were black, what color would you be?"

Some of the children said white and others black, but little Gloria, who had remained silent until the others replied, said, "Please, sir, let me be streaky."

Many stars are hotter than our sun.

Household Arts



PATTERN 5122

Now is the time to stock up on such things as bedspreads. And how effectively you can do this with this lovely basket design. It's made in the simplest stitches and grows quickly under your needle. Do it in the colors that you like. In pattern 5122 you will find a transfer pattern of a basket 15 1/2 x 18 inches, a bolster motif 7 x 18 inches, and four corner motifs 4 1/2 x 18 inches. Material requirements are color suggested for all stitches used.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (post preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 173 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

A Remarkable Display

Perfect Organization Made Royal Air Force Review Impressive

The recent review of Royal Air Force by the King was one of the most remarkable pieces of organization ever achieved by man.

Three hundred and fifty machines were reviewed on the ground. When the King had looked over the first 152 and while he was still looking over the remainder, these 152 began to take to the air. They ranged from heavy bombers to fast fighters. It took two hours to get the 152 into the air where they circled around until such time as the King should reach a reviewing stand by car 32 miles away. Yet so precise was the working out of the schedule that at the second when the King took his place the first of the great armada of the air appeared above.

When it is remembered that the speeds of the planes varied from 100 miles an hour to 250, and that variations of wind had to be calculated for in advance, the exactitude of the review was astonishing. Different formations and machines streaked across the sky, and half way through the program a stunt group of nine machines intervened with an amazing series of evolutions, wing to wing, in the orders of the commander in the leading plane being heard by the 150,000 spectators through loud speakers on the ground. After the rest of the machines had followed they formed in rear of the others which had been "filling time" in the air a long way past the field, then the entire 182 came roaring back in one mass like a covey of gigantic ducks, and landed on the runway of the royal stand. The whole aerial review just took 35 minutes and there was not a single mishap.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

PECAN CHOCOLATE MOUSSE

2 squares unsweetened chocolate
1 1/2 cups acid milk
1 cup cream
4 egg yolks, slightly beaten
1 package strawberry-flavored gelatin
1/2 teaspoon salt
1/2 cup pecan vanilla
1 cup pecan meats, coarsely cut
1 cup cream, whipped

Add chocolate to milk and heat in double boiler. When chocolate is melted, beat with rotary egg beater until mixture is smooth and blended. Combine sugar and egg yolks; add small amount of chocolate mixture, stirring constantly; return to double boiler and cook until thickened, stirring constantly. Add gelatin and salt over hot water until gelatin is dissolved. Chill. When slightly thickened, add vanilla and fold in nuts and cream. Turn into individual molds. Chill until firm. Unmold. Serve right.

BLACKBERRY JAM

4 cups (2 lbs.) prepared fruit
1/2 cup sugar
1/2 bottle fruit prepared

To prepare fruit, grind about two quarts jelly berry berries or crush completely one layer at a time so that each berry is reduced to a pulp. Measure sugar and prepared fruit into large kettle, mix well, and bring to a full rolling boil over hottest fire. Stir constantly before and while boiling. Boil hard 3 minutes. Remove from fire and stir in bottled fruit pectin. Then stir and skim by turns for just 5 minutes and cool slightly to prevent floating fruit. Pour quickly, jarraffs hot jam at once. Makes about 10 glasses (6 fluid ounces each).

Making Use Of 'Planes

More Than Hundred Kept Busy By Russian Industries

Industry in Soviet Russia is keeping 110 airplanes busy. They serve factories, construction jobs, oil fields and mines, transporting spare parts and carrying experts in emergency. Planes are widely used by the oil trusts in geological prospecting and by the power industry to determine points where high-tension overhead lines have been damaged.

Keen Gardeners

It would be difficult to say which is the keener gardener—the Prince of Wales or the Duchess of York. But the Prince's credit is the greater, for gardening is a hobby to him. The Duchess has memories of home gardens that go back to her earliest childhood.

Finland holds the honor of the greatest use of handwork as an agency in education.

Little Journeys In Science

(By Gordon H. Guest, M.A.)

Acids are important hydrogen compounds. Acetic acid is the active part of vinegar, which has been used by man for thousands of years. Apples, lemons, grapefruit and other fruits owe their agreeable flavor, in part, to acids, such as malic, citric, and tartaric. Acids always contain the element hydrogen and often oxygen.

Hydrochloric acid gas may be prepared by pouring strong sulphuric acid upon salt. It is a very soluble and active gas. The hydrogen chloride acid. This acid is used for the preparation of hydrogen and chlorine and for cleaning the surfaces of metals.

Concentrated sulphuric acid, or oil of vitriol, contains about 5 per cent. of water. When the strong acid is poured into water, an enormous quantity of heat is generated. Concentrated sulphuric acid has a strong affinity for water, or for the elements which make up water, namely hydrogen and oxygen. Cane-sugar, for example, is a chemical compound composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen in chemical combination. When sulphuric acid is poured into a group of sugar, the sugar turns black and froths and bubbles. The hydrogen and oxygen are taken from the sugar to form water, and the carbon is left. Nearly all chemical industries use sulphuric acid and hence water is a very important substance.

Nitric acid when pure is a colorless liquid. The concentrated acid contains about 68 per cent. of the acid substance and 32 per cent. of water. When this acid is mixed with hydrochloric acid a mixture known as aqua regia is produced. Aqua regia is the latin for royal water and gives its name because it dissolves the noble metal gold. Nitric acid is used in the manufacture of explosives and fertilizers. Carbonic acid is produced by bubbling carbon dioxide gas through water. It is found in natural waters. Although it is a weak acid, which decomposes very readily, it plays an important role in certain processes of nature. It dissolves limestone, and gradually changes carbonate rocks to form caves.

Earth Will Blow Up

Surrounding Shell Being Gradually Melted By Internal Heat

Old Dr. Bailey William, 78, of Palo Alto, who loves to scare the wits out of "scientific" men, has written a book, "The Earth: A Scientific History," in which he presents a picture of Earth's history and structure which disquieted many a long-range imagination. The Earth, Dr. Bailey suggested, originally was an aggregation of cold substances which gravitation pulled into a ball. The ball was some somewhere between 50 million and two billion years ago. Ever since, radioactive elements in Earth's material have been driving energy outwards its centre until to-day the core of Earth is a hot fluid mass of "molten" metal. The heat of the elements 4,000 miles in diameter surrounded by a rocky shell 2,000 miles thick. As time passes, "the persistent release of atomic forces continues, and will continue to supply heat and melt the surrounding shell with the result that Mother Earth may eventually lay her place among the stars."

Seeking a logical reason, for the frequency of earthquakes along the shores of the Pacific, Dr. Bailey suggests that the Pacific Ocean represents a vast area where the Earth has lost 20 miles of outside skin. That "raw spot" in Mother Earth's desire to explain the true nature of Earth's disturbances, the "crust" movements appearing to extend along the edges of the skinless area, she shall never be able to predict the day on which an earthquake will occur. But it is possible that we shall be able to tell the date to within a year or so.—From Time.

Bread Made From Seaweed

Seaweed bread now has a modest share of the popularity of bread. It is made from giant kelp plants that grow in profusion along the coast and contain iodine and other mineral considered beneficial. And while the bread has an odd flavor, its far from unpalatable.

Women pipers, it has been decided, are not eligible for membership of the London Scottish Piping Society, a body made up of bagpipe players and learners.

The earth travels 884,000 miles on its annual trip around the sun.

Construction Of New Battle Fleet Planned By British Admiralty

London.—Great Britain plans to build almost a complete new battle fleet, costing £700,000,000, by 1942, the Daily Herald said in an article which it claimed revealed a secret seven-year plan developed by the admiralty.

Despite a statement in the House of Commons by Sir Bolton Symonds, first lord of the admiralty, declaring publication of the program would be "against the interests of the public and the peace of the world," the newspaper published what it described as "the admiralty's famous 'hush-hush' plan which already has been communicated to the admiralty of the United States, France, Germany, Italy and Japan."

The new schedule, the newspaper announced, calls for the construction of 12 new capital ships, and 35 new cruisers.

The latter item, it was said, fulfilled a promise made by the late Mr. Lloyd George at the Geneva conference of 1927 when he asserted 70 cruisers were "the absolute requirement" for Britain to remain independent regardless of the strength of other powers.

In addition, the newspaper stated, there will be 63 new flotilla leaders, destroyers, 21 new submarines and three new aircraft carriers.

See The New India

Will Have Self-Government With Safeguards
London.—The House of Lords with divided opinion gave third reading to the India bill, extending a measure of self-government to India, and it was returned to the House of Commons for minor adjustments.

The bill was passed through commons previously after laborious discussion, and is expected to be ready for proclamation before the end of the year. Under its terms the new India will have self-government with safeguards or reservation to the government-general of final decision in matters of national order, defence, finance, protection of minorities and the like.

Spending Huge Sum

Hittler's Bill For Arms Said To Be \$240,000,000 Monthly

Berlin.—An unofficial estimate based on best available private figures indicated Adolf Hittler's military expenditures to rearm the reich averages about 600,000,000 marks (about \$240,000,000). (The German reichsmark is currently quoted at just over 40 cents, although transactions within Germany are in black marks which cannot be taken from the country and hence are not quoted on exchanges.)

A secret debt of about 17,000,000,000 marks has been piled up, financial circles close to the government, pointing out the total debt is about 30,000,000,000 marks.

Going To Russia
London.—Miss Cora Hind, Winnipeg wheat expert, left here for the Soviet Union where she will inspect the wheat-growing areas. Miss Hind's Canadian estimates are regarded as true market barometers in all grain markets.

Many Visitors Attend Celebration Which Recalled Early Days

Wakarusa, Sask.—Fifty years after the Riel rebellion, relatives of Louis Riel, rebel leader, who was hanged at Regina, for the part he played in skirmishes in Saskatchewan, Indian and Metis, together with whites, who fought under General Middleton, met at Batchoe, where Riel staged his last stand. More than 3,000 visitors attended the fifty anniversary celebration and sports day, not forgetting to attend special masses sung in the Roman Catholic church.

Proceedings for the day were opened with high mass, said in the Batchoe Catholic church, by Father Robert and by Father Boucher, of St. Louis. In the church grounds stands a monument erected to the memory of those who fell in the forty-day battle waged at Batchoe in 1885.

Buffalo meat, supplied by the Dominion government, was the fare

Issue Of Peace And War

League Of Nations Must Act On Ethiopian Question

London.—Britain and France at last have agreed the special council meeting of the League of Nations must get down to brass tacks on the issue of peace or war between Italy and Ethiopia.

The issue affects the political independence of a state that is a member of the league. Neither in conversations with British representatives nor in official despatches has Mussolini yet definitely formulated the nature of his demands on Ethiopia. But from semi-official declarations it is taken for granted that he wants political control over either part or the whole of Ethiopia.

Under article 12 of the covenant, it is argued, Italy is bound to agree to reference of the dispute to the league. The British hold the council should go ahead with the merits of the dispute whether Italy objects or not, and that the council should not seek by some technicality to divert itself of responsibility.

This was stressed by Sir Samuel Hoare, foreign secretary, when he informed the House of Commons the foreign secretary's statement that he said to co-operate with the United States government in seeking to preserve peace.

Expense Survey

Would Investigate The Whole Field Of Governmental Expenditures

St. John, N.B.—Appointment of a royal commission to survey the whole field of governmental expenditures "for the purpose of indicating where and how such expenditures might be curtailed," was urged here by A. O. Dawson, Montreal, president of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, as he spoke at a luncheon sponsored by the Saint John Board of Trade.

Effectiveness of the drive for economy is illustrated in the fact that a large number of municipalities, especially in western Canada, have been put at a financial balance, that the controllable expenditures of the Dominion were reduced some \$1 million dollars during the past three years, 1931-1934, and that there has been a net decrease in provincial expenditures of some \$4 million dollars during 1932-34, compared with a net increase of some 20 million dollars during the preceding year," Mr. Dawson said.

Separate Treaty

Tokyo.—Japan is willing to make a separate naval treaty with Great Britain as Germany did, and believes it might be arranged, a naval office spokesman intimated, in an interview with Havas.

Floods In China

Red Cross Has Picked Up 30,000 Bodies Of Victims Drowned

Shanghai.—The Hankow Red Cross Society announced it had picked up 30,000 bodies of persons drowned in the recent floods along the Han and Yangtze rivers near Hankow alone and reports from other points indicated a far greater loss of life.

While central China turned to the task of counting its dead, piling up by the tens of thousands along the banks of rivers from which the floods were receding, the northern provinces continued to battle the floods of the Yellow river.

The latter, crashing barrier after barrier to swallow immense new areas of fertile farmlands, has already blanketed more than 10,000 square miles of the Shantung countryside. Governor Han Fu Chuan of Shantung sent an urgent telegram to Nanking reporting nearly 5,000,000 of his people homeless. The neighboring provinces of Hopei, Honan and Szechuan are also seriously hit.

Government authorities and relief agencies said the Yangtze's devastation of the five provinces affected is so immense that it still is impossible to estimate the total losses.

Plan Is Approved

Equalization Scheme Will Help To Maintain Cheese Industry

Ottawa.—Designed to assist in the maintenance of the cheese branch of the dairy industry in the Dominion, the dairy products marketing equalization scheme has just been officially approved.

The scheme also aims to stabilize the price of milk entering into the manufacture of cheese at a somewhat higher level than can be realized from the proceeds of the sale of cheese. It will thereby equalize, to some extent, the returns from the marketing of dairy products.

A fund has been provided by parliament out of which it is intended payments on the basis of the quantity of cheese manufactured will be made.

Plan To Start Shortly

Borsal System Will Be In Operation Within Month

Ottawa.—Application to youthful offenders in Canadian penitentiaries of the Borsal system probably will be in operation in August month.

Necessary changes for their segregation are understood to be under way. The old buildings at a luncheon penitentiary which formerly housed women convicts is expected to be utilized. At St. Vincent de Paul, the new Lavall penitentiary likely will be used.

The system applies to those under 21 years of age and is a combination of mental, moral, physical and industrial training.

Veteran Printer Dead

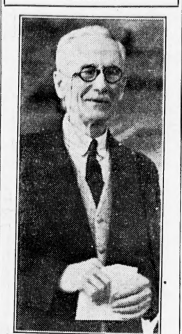
Montreal.—Isaac Glenon, 70, one of the veteran printers of Montreal, well known here and in western Canada, died Monday last week. He went to western Canada 25 years ago and was resident at the Pas, Man., until his return to this city.

THE KING REVIEWS HIS AIR FORCE



This picture shows His Majesty the King wearing, for the first time, the uniform of an air marshal as he reviews the Guard of Honour at Midland House he inspected the greatest gathering of British fighting planes in the history of aviation. More than 300 types of aircraft took part in the great jubilee review and later new past Their Majesties at Duxford.

RETURNS



Here is a picture of the Rev. Charles W. Gordon of Winnipeg, better known as Ralph Connor, as he returned to Canada on the "Niagara" from a visit to the Antipodes.

Author Ran Into Difficulty

Found Ride Over Alps On Elephant Required Cash

Rome.—Richard Halliburton, American traveler and author who is trying to emulate Hannibal in "conquering Italy" by crossing the Alps on an elephant, struck a snag when Italian authorities at the frontier point of Gran Sasso told him he would have to pay a deposit of 50 per cent of the elephant's value.

Halliburton was forced to return to Lucerne, Switzerland, minus the elephant to obtain funds for the customs deposit—something Hannibal did not have to worry about. Halliburton returned with the money, but still had another modest obstacle to overcome in his journey to Rome—a veterinarian must pass on the elephant's sanitary qualifications before it enters Italy.

Expect Big Reduction

Rust May Cut United States Crop In Half

St. Paul, Minn.—Black rust shrouded the spring wheat belt so darkly service forecast a 50 per cent reduction in the domestic crop of one bountiful promise.

Increasing violence in the rust attack, with continued hot, humid weather, led competent authority to cut in half the originally estimated yield of 275,000,000 bushels from the great grain belt of the United States.

More On Voters' List

Ottawa.—Voters' lists for the federal election will be completed August 15, it was announced by Col. John Thompson, Dominion franchise commissioner. Following the recent revision, they are being printed at the government bureau at the rate of 10 ridings daily. The lists will show 6,000,000 men and women eligible to vote, an increase of 260,000 over the basic lists last year.

Bureau Of Statistics Reports Improvement In All Canadian Areas

Three Killed By Explosion

Experts Were Clearing Danger Spot At Manufacturing Plant

Waverley, N.S.—An explosion of nitro-glycerine near a former manufacturing plant killed three experts of Canadian Industries Limited, burying them under tons of debris.

Of the party of four testing explosives for the company, only Willis Leighton, of Halifax, escaped. Carrying 10 sticks of dynamite in his hand, Leighton was hurled into the air, where he lay for several minutes in a semi-conscious condition.

Trees and bushes were felled or stripped of their foliage over a wide area, and the blast was heard for miles around Waverley.

The plant, situated on Canadian Industries property, was used for manufacturing explosives during the war.

Belief was expressed that some nitroglycerine might have run into the hollow between the buildings and the lake and remained there during the years since manufacturing operations ceased.

Guests At Exhibition

Saskatoon Entertained Riel Veterans And Indians For Day

Saskatoon.—Representatives of both sides of the last great historic struggle between the white and the red men, with western Canada as the prize, stood side by side on the grandstand platform at Saskatoon's Industrial Exhibition to be officially welcomed and introduced by Mayor Pinder to the large assemblage in attendance.

Just a half century ago that these veterans of the rebellion of '85 went to battle on Saskatchewan soil. The mere handful of the old guard now left were the guests of the exhibition management for the entire day. The event took the form of a reunion, some coming from Regina, Brandon and other points in the west, including Victoria, B.C.

Adheres To Gold Basis

Queen Of Netherlands Thinks Standard Should Be Maintained

The Hague, The Netherlands.—Gold basis for The Netherlands, France and the United States as Premier-designate D. P. Aalbers, minister, withheld announcement of his financial policy.

Although informed quarters believed Aalbers and the government he was trying to force would continue of his predecessor, Hendry Colijn, to save the guilders from devaluation, the franc and the dollar still were moving above the gold export point.

Queen Wilhelmina was believed strongly convinced the gold standard should be maintained.

Serious Drought In Hungary

Budapest.—Heavy losses have been suffered by Hungarian farmers in a drought which has continued nearly two months, reports indicated. Only abundant rainfall soon can save the crops, it was said. Losses due to the dry spell and early frosts and hail storms total nearly \$20,000,000.

Ottawa.—A substantial improvement was shown in the general situation on July 1, when 9,323 firms reported 954,262 at work, an increase of 746 in the preceding month, says a report issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics.

The increase in employment, the report stated, was smaller than in the corresponding date last year, and also less than the average gain between June 1 and July 1 in the preceding 14 years for which figures are available.

The decrease as compared with last year, according to the report, was largely due to curtailment in work on highways and roads, on which the number of workers was smaller by more than 50,000 as against July 1, 1934.

The crude index for the bare 1935 equals 100 stood at 99.5 on July 1, against 97.6 on June 1, and 101.0 on July 1, 1934.

Employment in manufacturing showed continued advances, contrary to the usual seasonal trend on July 1; most of the gain over June 1 occurred in the food and lumber groups. Mining (except of coal), communications, services, trade, transportation and construction and maintenance also indicated substantial improvement. The increase in all of these except construction considerably exceeded the gains indicated on July 1 in the years, 1921-1934.

In comparison with the preceding month all five economic areas showed improvement, with Ontario and the prairie provinces showing the largest advances.

Considerable expansion was shown in the prairie provinces when 1,348 employers showed 121,488 workers compared with 119,376 in the preceding month. Improvement was noted in railway and highway construction and also in transportation, communications, mining and manufacturing, with logging and building being somewhat slack.

Higher Duty On Jap Goods

Canada Has Increased Tax On Imports From Orient

Ottawa.—Canada has hit back at Japan's edict imposing a 50 cent surtax on Canadian goods going into the Oriental kingdom. Effective on and after Aug. 5, all imports entering this country from Japan will pay a duty of 33 1/3 per cent, ad valorem, addition to duties now levied.

The action was taken in the case of such country conforming to that goods now in transit either to or from Japan are exempt from the imposts. The two nations have clapped on titimination was the next move in the trade situation was up to Japan.

There is a good deal of talk, as well as action, that Japan will pay a 10 per cent surtax on Japanese goods such as nickel, lead and zinc. Canada's surtax applies to all imports from the Oriental kingdom.

May Visit Calgary
Calgary.—Thorvald Stauning, premier of Denmark, who arrives at New York, Aug. 24, may come to Calgary to see his son, at present engaged in farming at Penhold, Alta. It was learned. The trip would be making following an official visit to Washington.

Italian Crowds Voice Their Approval Of African War Program

Rome.—Rome rocked to the refrain "Ethiopia for us" shouted from 100,000 Fascist throngs as one of the greatest demonstrations in the capital's history gathered at Colonna Venezia square to show approval of Benito Mussolini's African program.

A particularly frenzied shout swept through the enormous crowd when the Fascist secretary for Rome, Orazio Orzi, assured the crowd he was ready for war against blacks and yellows and, if necessary, blondes.

Previously the demonstrators had shouted the opposition to Ethiopia and her alleged champion, Japan. The crowd took Orzi's mention of "blondies" to refer to Britain, also

accused by Italians of intervening in the dispute.

Following the demonstration would get out of hand, authorities threw heavy guards about the three foreign legations. No untoward incident was reported.

Washington.—A prediction was made by Norman Davis, United States ambassador to Italy, that the League of Nations would bring Italy and Ethiopia to a peaceful settlement of their threatened war.

"It appears as if," Davis said, "that France is not going to break with the league and with England at the same time, just as the support Italy in its present position. The league was not called into session just for a pleasant gathering."

The Greatness Of Pasteur

Man Who Congerred Dread Rabies Made Name Immortal

Andre Maurois in a London Spectator series of last year on the world's greatest benefactors said that he would like to see in Trafalgar Square a monument to the inventor of the flint arrow, without which there would be no Trafalgar Square, and that he would also like to see three statues in Central Park, New York, one of the inventor of the rudder, one of the inventor of the rail and one of the inventor of the compass, for without these there would be no New York. He would even present as a competitor the inventor of the horse collar, which was responsible to a large extent for the disappearance of slavery in Old World civilization.

Another contributor, Sir Charles Robinson, leaves it to the toss of a penny as between Shakespeare and Pasteur, one having given the greatest spiritual happiness and the other freedom from pain to the greatest number. The English-speaking people will not leave the choice to any such chance but will keep their Shakespeare in the pre-eminent place. Yet Pasteur's fame has in the fifty years since his death been of rabies grown into an immortality—and there are no first or second places in an immortality.

It was on a July day in 1885 that the boy Joseph Meister, a lad of 9 years, was brought to him covered with wounds from the bites of a mad dog, from which rabies was about inevitably certain to develop. Even in the rigidity of Pasteur's official report to the Academy of Science and the Academy of Medicine a few months later, there is one paragraph which testifies to the humanity of his heart that must almost have stayed his hand:

"The death of this child seemed unavoidable. I decided, not without deep and cruel anxiety, as I may well imagine, to test on Joseph Meister the method which had been previously successful on dogs."

Death from rabies, one of the most dreaded of all human maladies, was reduced to less than 1 per cent. in the Institute Pasteur, and to treat the victims of this disease. But it was only one, though the greatest, of many discoveries of Pasteur, a perpetual benefactor to the human race, who, remaining poor himself, created or saved material values equal in amount, it is estimated, to the indemnity paid by France to Germany in 1870, besides contributing incomparably to human happiness. Of this he was sure; that "science in obeying the law of humanity was ways far to enlarge the frontiers of life." This he did heroically, in a body for years partially paralyzed. And when he had seen as far with his microscope as he could, he took the crucifix in his hand and went down into the Valley of the Shadow.—New York Times.

Trees Growing Together

But Expert States Oaks And Pines Not Actually Joined

What is purported by experts to be one of the rarest phenomena in tree life has been discovered by A. M. Law of Spartanburg, on his estate near Tyron, North Carolina, where an oak tree and a pine tree have been found to be growing together in four different places. He submitted the information relating to the curious alliance of trees, to Cornell University experts, who promptly retailed with the assertion that though trees of different species might appear to be growing together, they wouldn't actually be joined.

Fire Was Minor Affair

Smoke Caused Alarm In Historic Tower Of London

A heavy steel grille—proof against both fire and theft—was dropped over the crown jewels of England when a fire alarm was sounded in the historic tower of London.

Guards with fixed bayonets immediately helped to safeguard the famed gems. Sentries were doubled as the tower was plunged into darkness and vectors milled about in a rush for exit. The alarm turned out to be a minor affair, arising when a force in the tower ordered the extinguishing the lights. Smoke billowed up but there was no flame.

Conductor—"Furlen me, madame, but your girl seems more than twelve."

Her Mother—"Conductor! Would you take me to be the mother of a girl that age?"

Conductor—"Lady, don't tell me you're her grandmother?"

CHARMING PICTURE OF THEIR MAJESTIES AT FLOWER SHOW



Here is a close-up of Their Majesties the King and Queen during a tour of the Chelsea Flower Show, London, recently. This annual flower show ranks among the most wonderful floral displays in the world, and the King and Queen, great lovers of flowers, take a great interest in the show.

Substitute For Town Crier

Church Bells Have Many Uses In Spanish Village

Church bells act as town crier in the village of Palafrugell, Spain. Apart from directing the fire brigade to the scene of a fire, they announce the fish sales and keep buyers informed on price trends in the market.

And all this is done in a sort of Morse code, so that if you aren't one of the Palafrugell folk then you can't understand what it is all about, nor can you buy any fish.

When a fresh catch is landed at Palafrugell a special runner takes the news from the coast post back to the church sexton. This worthy at once rings the call to attention, since his reward will be a quantity of fish. And every resident in Palafrugell knows the call.

Immediately afterwards a second bell is slowly tolled, and if you understand the code you will receive a running bell commentary on current market conditions, the quantity of fish available, and its purchase price, while you are hurrying to the market to buy.

When there is a reduction in price a different bell rings the change, and the varying length of the toll gives the new prices until all the stock is disposed of.

Church bells are still used in many Spanish towns to announce outbreaks of fire. Persons knowing the code used by the bellingers are able to tell from the tolling as to the locality where the fire has broken out.

Naval Restriction

Says Britain Has Definitely Abandoned The Ratio System

Great Britain has definitely abandoned the principle of restriction of naval forces by national ratios. The "ratio" system came into effect with the Washington treaty of 1922—due to expire at the end of next year—when the navies of Great Britain, the United States and Japan were placed on the now famous 5-5-3 ratio, with France and Italy lower down.

The announcement was made in the House of Commons by Sir Bolton Forster-McMullen, first lord of the admiralty.

Great Britain, said the first lord, feels now the ratio system is useless, with an obvious reference to Japan as one of the nations whose pride is hurt by a permanent inferiority ratio. Instead, Britain will centre her aims on concrete programs regulated bilaterally with other nations, with the ultimate objective of getting navies that are adequate for defence but not so far above the natural defensive requirements of their nations as to constitute attacking forces of great potentiality.

Hard On Uncle

Little Eric's Uncle Tom came to see with the boy's family and Eric had to give up his bed to make room for him.

One morning at breakfast uncle remarked: "I must think the thoughtful person who put the glass of water by the bed, for I found it very refreshing when I woke up during the night."

"O-oh," exclaimed Eric, "have you swallowed my tadpoles and everything?"

Spanish Prisoners Loyal

Visitors Planned Wholesale Release But Few Accepted Freedom

That real Spanish prisoners are unusually loyal to their penitentiaries or unusually well treated in them might be inferred from a story received from Barcelona. Two men, disguised as visitors, gained admission to the provincial prison at Tortosa and attempted the wholesale release of about sixty prisoners.

Once inside the building they produced a machine-gun and, overpowering four guards and the warden, locked them in a cell. They then invited all the prisoners to depart. Only seven accepted the invitation, the fifty-three others preferring to stay in captivity. When the seven arrived in the street before the prison, they were met by two accomplices, who supplied them each with a pistol. One refused, saying that he was returning to prison, whereupon he was severely beaten by the rest, who then made good their escape.

U.S. Chorus Girls

British Labor Ministry To Stop Invasion From Hollywood

The labor ministry has ended the invasion of London by United States chorus girls with an order for 24 to cease dancing in England.

The ministry wants the girls' employers at two leading London hotels—that the girls would have to quit work within two weeks. Half of them were signed up in Hollywood and the rest in New York.

Sensitive To Sun

Robert West, an undergraduate at the University of California, is so sensitive to the sun that his skin becomes blistered in three minutes. The scientists are using him for experiments in sun-ray filter, and he works in a crimson-windowed laboratory.

Taking No Chances

Mr. McNab (after having leant head to him)—"I won't sign that. I haven't been able to keep ten commandments for a man in heaven, so I'm no gain the tackle nearly a hundred for two rooms in the High Street."

Rockers Still In Use

Not Likely To Actually Disappear For Many Years

The decline of the rocking chair, reported by John W. Godfrey in the Raleigh News and Observer under the affecting words, "Rocking Chair, Good Bye!", must have begun long before 1930, the date fixed by the manager of a Chicago furniture mart as the beginning of a particularly sharp falling off in the demand for rockers. Yet it is too early to indict a farewell. Rocking chairs may never again be made or sold in large volume, but there are rocking chairs of other days that are still in service and will be years from now. That chair of excellent and chaste design, the Boston rocker, survives in many a home to demonstrate how skillfully the chairmakers of three-quarters of a century ago worked. It lives on as no mere exhibit of antique times, but as a sturdy vehicle for that contemplative sitting that is called rocking. Patent rockers may still survive in the land, though they were quickly dated, and driven to the attic or the ash heap as much by the passing of a vogue as by the collapse of their machinery.

The plain, ordinary rock rocker, simple in line and inexpensive to begin with, is in use everywhere, though it is easy to see the force of Mr. Godfrey's argument that the "rockers" before the automobile, that instrument which secretly undermined the foundations of the old-fashioned home. Some of the reflection that used to come in rocking chairs may now be carried on in the rumble seat, but it is impossible to believe that the rocker will actually disappear for many years to come. The front porch and the back porch may no longer invite to leisure as they did before the automobile came, but there are still many unable to resist the combination of a shady porch, a comfortable rocker with the cane seat a little relaxed by use, a good book and a pleasant street to watch read and then—New York Sun.

In the United States a sack of four signifies 140 pounds, while in Great Britain it is 280 pounds.

Regarding Lobsters

Here Are Some Interesting Details About Their Habits

Lobsters may not know much about fashions but they do know when to change their clothes and how to make them. Periodically, as it gets bigger, each lobster forms a new and larger shell beneath the old clothes it has been wearing and in due course casts off the outworn covering at one stroke and in one piece. At first, of course, the new shell is soft, and flexible, readily distending to meet the requirements of growth, but at time goes on—several weeks—it becomes insolate and hard. Later, when it, too, begins to cramp the frame within it, this shell is discarded, for in the case of the lobster the moulting, or shell shedding, "begins on the second day after hatching and lasts throughout life or at least as long as there is any growth."

As a matter of fact, this habit of making and changing shells is only one of many interesting things about the lobster, which happens to be a creature well worthy of Canadian attention since it is taken in larger quantities off the Atlantic provinces than anywhere else in the world and next to the salmon is the most valuable product of the Dominion's fisheries. The sea bottom is its home.

While its powers of locomotion are considerable, as its authority puts it, "the adult lobster never forsakes the water of its own accord or leaves the bottom, to which Nature has consigned it by giving it a heavy body and a sedentary disposition. Its instincts are constantly leading it to secure protection through concealment, or by crawling under stones or rocks, or hiding under stones waiting to await its prey or to pass in greater security the crises of its nocturnal life." The Canadian lobster, of course, is aided by the colour of the shell, which, in normal adult specimens, is dark green, not red as some people may have supposed from pictures they have seen. The change in colouring from dark green to red takes place when the lobsters are boiled.

Invented Rubber Heels

Young Man Could Not Stand Jar Of Machinery

About 25 years ago a certain young man had a job in a factory where heavy machinery jarred the whole building. The young man was not very robust, and he did not like the jar of the machinery.

One day he brought a rubber mat to the factory, and stood on it. At once he found relief. The jar did not annoy him when he stood on the mat. After several days, somebody stole his mat. So he got two pieces of rubber and nailed them on his heels. This idea gave him two little rubber "rockers" before the automobile, that instrument which secretly undermined the foundations of the old-fashioned home. Some of the reflection that used to come in rocking chairs may now be carried on in the rumble seat, but it is impossible to believe that the rocker will actually disappear for many years to come. The front porch and the back porch may no longer invite to leisure as they did before the automobile came, but there are still many unable to resist the combination of a shady porch, a comfortable rocker with the cane seat a little relaxed by use, a good book and a pleasant street to watch read and then—New York Sun.

An Old Method

Scattering Salt Will Prevent Spontaneous Combustion In Barn

Showers during the hayy season increase the risk of spontaneous combustion in the now. Better ventilation of barns is one means of meeting this danger. Where this is not possible the old method of scattering salt is advisable. About seven pounds per ton of hay is to some extent a preventive and does not affect the feeding quality.

Such Is Fame

As the French liner Normandie lay at Quarantine in the Narrows after her second crossing, we are told, a man with several pairs of trousers circulated among the spectators standing on Shore Road, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn. "Only ten dollars," he was saying. "Get a good look at the new Italian liner Normandie, queen of the seas." Wasn't just a slip of the tongue, either, he said, an "Italian" every time.—The New Yorker.

Picture Will Be Made

Trustees of the late Col. T. E. Lawrence have authorized production of a motion picture, "Lawrence of Arabia." A company had held the film rights of "Revel in the Desert" for some time, but it was Lawrence's wish that no film should be made during his lifetime or without his consent.

While planks on the middle gun deck of the Victory, Nelson's old flagship, at Portsmouth, were being taken up during repairs, a letter written to a marine in 1827 was discovered, and while yellow with age, it was still decipherable.

Health From The Garden

Vegetables Are Valuable Sources For Vitamins Necessary For Health

The average garden supplies vegetables in abundance, perfectly fresh throughout the summer, and also many which are easily stored either raw or canned for winter use. Comparatively few persons eat sufficient vegetables. Minerals such as iron, calcium, phosphorus, iodine, sulphur which neutralize the acid condition of the blood, are found in proper combination as nature provides them in vegetables. Spinach, chard, lettuce, celery, tomatoes, carrots, cabbage, string beans, beets, parsnips, potatoes, radishes, onions, cucumber, asparagus, turnips, peas and cauliflower all have varying amounts of available mineral matter. Leaf and stem vegetables are richer in calcium. Green vegetables are best sources of iron.

Vitamins, essential to health, are necessary for growth and protection from disease. Different vitamins are found in various foods. Vegetables usually served raw, such as lettuce, cabbage and tomatoes are valuable sources while smaller amounts are present in all others.

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Wild Duck Census

International Committee To Conduct Census Of Wild Ducks

With the status of North America's wild ducks a subject of international concern after disastrous success of the many could be made, the prairie nesting areas in mid-continent Canada and the United States, the more Game Birds Foundation announced the launching of a census of the first wild duck census of its kind ever attempted. The investigation is to include literally a "house to house" census of wild ducks, none hatching in Alberta, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, and part of Nebraska.

Airplane flights into the Canadian northwest are planned to cover remote nesting areas. Automobiles equipped to negotiate the rugged terrain of more accessible sections have been provided a party of eight Foundation field men already initiating the census work.

Hoyes Lloyd, Dominion supervisor of wild life protection; J. F. Andrew, A. E. Piter, and A. G. Cunningham, provincial game officials of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba respectively, are co-operating in the movement.

In the United States, the aid of A. I. Peterson, North Dakota game commissioner; O. H. Johnson, South Dakota director of game and fish; F. H. O'Connell, Nebraska game head, and E. Swenson, director of the Minnesota division of fish and game, is being enlisted.

International Goodwill

In an effort to foster international goodwill, a scholarship has been extended to honor graduates and students of Alberta high schools by the Calgary school of mines through Robertson House, American consular at Calgary. The scholarship, worth about \$125 yearly in school fees, leads to bachelor of science degree in one of the school's engineering courses.

Eighty merchant ships and 21 admiralty vessels are on order in British shipyards, 50 per cent. of the work being done in shipyards on the Clyde.

FANCFUL FABLES



WHEN USING
**WILSON'S
FLY PADS**
READ DIRECTIONS
CAREFULLY AND
FOLLOW THEM
EXACTLY

Each pad will kill flies all day and
every day for three weeks.
3 pads in each pack.
10 CENTS PER PACKET
OF **DRUGGISTS, GROCERS, CON. STORES,**
WHY PAY MORE?
THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., Hamilton, Ont.

MISS ALADDIN

—By—
Christine Whittingham
Author of
"One Wide River To Cross"
"The Unknown Port," Etc.

SYNOPSIS

Nancy Nelson is a sub-deb, a gay, irresponsible girl of nineteen, with no care beyond the choice of her costume for her coming-out party. Suddenly, in the market place, her indulgent father loses all he had, and his family is faced with the necessity of a simpler method of living. At this juncture a letter is received from an eccentric relative in Colorado, who offers the girl a home on what seems to be impossible conditions.

After much consideration Cousin Columbine's offer is accepted, and Nancy and Jack arrive at Pine Ridge. They are met at the station by Columbine Nelson, who in turn introduces Mark and Matthew Adams, two neighbors of Aunt Columbine, and the party set out for their lodges, which have been built up to be both Nancy and Jack because of its splendid appearance and general look of poverty. Nancy and Jack are shown to the rooms they are to occupy, and both the young people consider the furniture and decorations hateful and contrasting the present quarters with their luxurious home in Boston, wonder if they can endure the change for any length of time. Aunt Columbine drops away she would be to improve them, and relate some of her early experiences at Pine Ridge of hostile Indians and forest life, and of her father's hunt for gold, and of her mother's splendid spirit, but frail body, which could not endure the strain of pioneer life.

Nancy set out one afternoon to climb to the top of a hill so as to obtain a view of the entire landscape and miss the path Aurora told her to follow. She came along the road, driven by Matthew Adams, and she asks him which way to go. They ascend the hill, look around, and then go on to Cousin Columbine's house. Mark Adam tells Nancy that his brother Luke has broken his leg, but that Jack Nelson has been hurt to help out while Luke's leg gets better.

Now Go On With The Story

CHAPTER XII—Continued

"Dear useful Aunt Louise! A blizzard is raging and I can't see Pike's Peak from my tower, and have to hop every five minutes to get my leg into the stove. I could write in the farm kitchen, but Aurora Tubbs would insist on talking, and I've simply got to get my pen on paper. It came of course trying to find something to read this stormy morning. All Cousin Columbine has is Scott and Dickens—"

"I love Dickens, and Scott too," Phil interrupted. "I can read those when I visit Cousin Columbine. Go on, Aunt Lou."

"Your sister does not share your admiration of the classics," observed his aunt. She says:—"and they look so dull (especially Scott), and the volumes are so heavy that I gave it up. I asked Aurora if there was a library here, and she said no. I saw Five Ridge and I was sure, though the drug store does a thriving business in the sort of magazines that make you shudder and look ashamed any. Aunt Louise and I, that gave me the idea. When I talked with Cousin Columbine she said that there was one at Aladdin in Pine Ridge to rub him wonderful."

"Perhaps you are not really ill yet when the day's work is done you are too tired to enter into the good times that other women enjoy. You are exactly like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It tones up your general health. Gives you more pep—more pep—"

Remember that 98 out of 100 women report benefit. Let it help you too.

HEALTH MEANS CHARM AND HAPPINESS

Sparkling eyes and smiling lips speak of health and vitality. Clear skin attracts. The healthy complexion is both happy and popular.

Remember that 98 out of 100 women report benefit. Let it help you too.

lamp, you know, and wish for a library; and while I was thinking what I'd do to fit this awful place, I was Aladdin, I got an inspiration."

"I think she's pretty slow getting to it in the letter," grumbled Phil. "It happens to be in the next paragraph, sonny," said Aunt Louise, and went on reading: "It's this; and I'm rushing my letter so you'll have to wait. Christmas vacation is over, and I'm starting a library here, Aunt Lou. I got the books. I'm sure I'd find a place to keep them. There's a schoolhouse here that isn't used now the children are carried to a county school in buses, which would be wonderful. I'd open the place two or three afternoons a week, and no matter what Aurora says, I'm sure the young people and old ones too would be glad to take out books if they had the chance."

"And here's where you come in! Wouldn't each girl at school do a volume or two of you told them about the scheme? And haven't you and Mother got a lot of you told to get rid of? No matter if they're shabby, Junius Tubbs will help me cover them with paper. I'm sure the Adams will give some too; and if you have any friends with books to part with, just grab them for my library. That's what I'll do. If I can get somebody to paint a sign without being paid for the work, the Aladdin Library! Won't that look swell over the door?"

"I shan't say a word to any one but I'll hear from you, but do write soon or I'm likely to explode. With the exception of the Adam boys and Mary Taylor, the postmaster's daughter, this population looks as if it would be a step in the right direction."

Louise paused a moment, and then she said, of unaccounted lightning her eyes: "Do not misunderstand, however. I have not been a missionary, or anything like that, and I don't want to be. I have no special, it makes you think. Besides, I haven't enough to do. And Jack said Cousin Columbine wanted a slave! All the poor dear did want was to see some one belonging to her, before she died. And she's a long way from dying, if you ask me—the brisquet if there's no such word, it doesn't matter! old lady I ever saw, and the most interesting."

"There's no time for more. The day is almost out, and the wind is howling, and snow is settling through the cracks in my tower windows. Cousin Columbine says I'll be dry as that in a week, but I wonder. Love to every one at home, and do, help."

Louise laid down the letter, and looked up.

"What are you grinning for, Phil Nelson?"

"I was thinking that Nancy's make a real swell missionary," said the little boy. "I've got a lot of old books that she can have, just as well as that. I'd maybe give of the kind at school have got some too. Do you suppose if I got a lot of books for the Pine Ridge library, that Cousin Columbine would pay my fare to Colorado?"

Dad smiled, and said: "Some one will have to pay expressage on those books! But well, maybe that if we go without our Christmas dinner, I'm proud of your girl, thinking this up all by herself. I'll help her put it through. It's fortunate we stored the books out here, Margaret. We'll spend to-morrow going over them."

"And I'll pay the expressage," promised his sister. "It won't be necessary to go hungry Christmas day."

Phil drew a deep breath of relief.

"That's the stuff! It'll be a funny enough Christmas anyway, with the books. But well, maybe that if we're thinking about, Mother? You look awful solemn and far-away."

His mother smiled, pulling herself up, and smiling a bit wistfully. "Do you know," she told her family in surprise, "I've been so busy I only just remembered that—that I was to have made her duty to-night!"

CHAPTER XIII

Two thousand miles away in Pine Ridge, Colorado, there had been no more forgetfulness. Nancy's first thought on waking was that this was to have been the day of her debut, perhaps because her eyes had been in a month's calendar (its decoration) depicting a lover's couple seated beside a purple lake, which was Aurora's donation to what the girl had christened her "chamber of horrors."

So this was the day she had looked forward to so long! Nancy snuggled down under the patchwork quilt and gave herself to the luxury of introspection. What thrills she and Mother had had over their plans!

ITCHING TORTURE Stopped Instantly

D. D. B. Prescription Syringe Relief

Even the most stubborn itching of eczema, pimples, mosquito or other insect bites quickly yields to Dr. D. D. B. Prescription Syringe. Four years' world-wide success. For Christmas vacation I want to give the indulgent friends. No fuss—no fuss. Dr. D. D. B. Prescription Syringe. It dries up itching immediately. Try it. It is a drug store, is a guaranteed to prove it—or money back. D. D. B. is made by the owners of ITALIAN BALM.

How exciting to indulge in all those evening gowns! And what would be happening to her now if that miserable stock market hadn't crashed, and Dad crashed with it?

Nancy glanced at her watch. It was seven o'clock—also in Boston, and before long the flowers would have been pouring in: flowers from family friends, boy friends, girl friends, and the crowd almost as Aunt Judy's eyes shining with delight and pride as each fragrant trillite was brought in—dear Aunt Judy never did ever do anything but look after other people's Mother would be a whirl of efficient excitement, enjoying every thrilling moment.

Oh, what was the use of these imaginings? Nancy asked herself. Even if Dad accumulated another fortune there would be no debt for her; and the chances were against his doing that—at his age.

Fifty-six! Nancy wondered how it would seem to be fifty-six—shuddered—and then realized that Dad didn't seem old at all, and often asked her to do the dishes. This was cheering thought, and the girl kicked off her quilt and ran to close the windows.

At any rate, it was a glorious day, and all that snow had vanished, sinking into the ground and leaving everything quite dry again. Nancy opened her door, to be greeted by the aroma of frying bacon. After the day might not be so bad. She was going to the Springs with Mrs. Adam (whom she had not yet met) to purchase the sport hose as well as some ten cent "jokes" for Christmas.

Something to make laughter at the dinner table, though Cousin Columbine assured that there would be laughter at the Adam dinner table, jokes no what? asked the old lady crisply.

Nancy was late to breakfast. Cousin Columbine pretended to be provoked, but the girl grinned at it.

"I was too comfortable to move, and besides, I—well, I started day-dreaming."

"About what?" asked the old lady crisply.

Nancy consumed two bites of muffin, and said: "Oh all sorts of things of tongue or pen, Cousin Columbine, the saddest are these—it might have been!"

Phil said: "I was picking myself a little. This morning was to be the day when Nancy Nelson expected to launch her bark on the—the social sea."

"I laughed, but it wasn't a natural laugh, and Cousin Columbine observed her gravely."

"Was giving up all that fuss and feather was disappointment?"

"It was none just," said Nancy. "Could I have two eggs, please?"

"I'll give you two," said Mrs. Adam. "She said she'd."

"At nine o'clock, I wish you'd run down to the store before you leave, Nancy, and get some baking powder. Aurora's going to make a cake."

"Do you want chocolate or coconut?" questioned Aurora, poking her head in at the door "If it's to be coconut, you'd better get another box; but considering Aurora's going to make a cake, you'd better get another box."

"You'd better ask Eve what she'd like; and if you're through breakfast, go right down to the store now. These Adam people are often out of town."

"You bring a couple of pounds of powdered sugar," called Aurora as Nancy started off. "And" (as she reached the gate) "a cake of chocolate."

When Nancy returned laden with paper bags of various sizes, the Adam car was standing before the door; and as she laid her burden on the kitchen table, Aurora said: "Well,

here you are! And Matthew Adam waiting six minutes. His mother couldn't get; and I hope to goodness that boy don't keep his mouth shut all the way. He's in the stinny' room with Miss Columbine right now, but you was to ask me, his brother Mark would have given you a more exciting time."

Nancy whirled about, laughing as she saw Matthew in the doorway. He said apologetically: "I know, Aurora, but Mark couldn't be spared this morning. Don't kill yourself to hurry, Nancy. I've got to put some water in the radiator. Just take-time, you know."

"Is Mrs. Adam sick?" questioned the girl as he went out.

"No, my dear," responded Cousin Columbine, "but Luke comes home to-morrow anyway, and Matthew had some errands he wished to do. Now run and get your things together, child; and don't hurry through your shopping for Matthew Adam or anybody else. If you're back by supper time it's soon enough."

Nancy was ready before Matt was; but Aurora stopped there, rushing from the kitchen as the engine roared.

"You get those woolen stockings the first thing," she panted, "and then go right into a rest room and put 'em on. You see she does it, Matthew Adam."

"I'll do my best," Matt promised, his face crimson.

(To Be Continued)

Corner in Earthworms

Speculators Are Holding Back Supplies From Melbourne Zoo

A new form of "racket" has been started owing to the district of the quaint duckhilled poultry which has its home in the Melbourne zoo.

Not least among the queer features of this animal is its habit of appetite for earthworms, of which it consumes more than 800 per day, consumed by the zoo's own weight. The authorities of the zoo are now confronted with the fact that speculators in earthworms are holding back their supplies of the commodity and are asking 18 cents per dozen instead of 12 previously charged.

It is a question of who will "turn" first, the worm speculators, or the curator of the zoo.

Used Distress Money

Austria Reverted To Many Substitutes When Coins Disappeared

During the war and after the collapse of the Austrian monarchy, when coins disappeared and were largely hoarded, many different kinds of paper notes, so-called "distress money," were issued by various towns, villages and provinces in addition to primitive alms of paper, pieces of wood, parchment, leather, sugar, and even porridge.

As money, all these are on show at a remarkable exhibition at the Hagenbuch Gallery at Vienna. The exhibition shows that not only notes, but also inkpens, newspapers, and political parties issued money tokens.

Why Name Was Used

The bug collecting hobby of an English aeroplane builder, J. de Havilland, has made the name most known over the skyways of the world. As an entomologist, de Havilland specializes in the collection of moths—so the majority of his products are named after moths or some species of moth, such as Gypsy Moth, Puss Moth, Moth, Dragon, etc.

Garage But No Stable

Extensive plans for rebuilding the Royal Canadian Mounted Police headquarters at Winnipeg call for a car garage. Nowhere in the proposed changes, approved by Ottawa, is there provision for stabling horses.

Sales of Diesel engines in Germany are increasing.

Western Canada's Favourite Coffee

NABOB COFFEE

—offers—
DOUBLE VALUE!

Because it is scientifically blended, smooth, fragrant and satisfying. Because it is sealed in a vacuum container, guaranteeing lasting freshness... and also, the one pound glass jar may be used for canning, or many other household purposes. Same high quality as in the tin.

Also packed in 3 lb. convenient tins. Write now! Mason and Dearborn, Ltd., Toronto.

Start saving your Preserving Jars Now!

There are really no equals in value for the money. See them in our new NABOB CATALOG. It's Free!

Send for the new NABOB CATALOG. It's Free!

KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO. LTD. VANCOUVER-CALGARY-WINNIPEG

Paradise For Snakes

Six Species May Be Seen In One English District

If one wants to see snakes, he is advised to go to the clay-mining district north of Corfe Castle, in Dorsetshire. If there is a snake paradise in Britain, this is the place. There are six species of British reptiles, and representatives of all of them, including the rare smooth snake, and said lizard may be seen here.

The four species are the adder, the grass snake, the slow worm, and the common lizard. The adder is the poison of one of these reptiles that is poisonous and its bite is rarely fatal, though, naturally, medical attention should be obtained as quickly as possible if one is bitten. But it is not often that anyone is bitten, and the snake has been described as "dangerous only to toads, stupid babies, and invalids."

Collections Show Increase

Higher This Year

Figures For Federal Income Taxes

Higher This Year

Canadians are dipping into their pockets to pay more and more federal income taxes. It was shown in figures released by the department of national revenue, in the 10 tax collection, \$58,079,044 was collected in the first four months of the fiscal year, an increase of \$15,774,923 over 1934.

Only two districts, Quebec and Regina, showed decreases. Quebec showed a decrease of \$130,740 and Regina, \$1,301.

Editors Welcomed

Close to 200 editors and publishers attended the sixteenth annual convention of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association in Toronto. Delegates from all parts of Canada and Newfoundland, representing more than 100 weekly newspapers, were welcomed by Premier Mitchell and Mayor James Simpson.

"John" is the most common Christian name among American vice-presidents.

There are approximately 67,000 tenement houses, with 2,000,000 tenants, in New York City.

The principal drug plant grown in Egypt is henna.

Little Helps For This Week

"We are all the children of light, and the children of the day." These salutations 53.

Serene will be our days, and bright. And happy will our nature be. When joy is our unerring light, And joy its own security.

Nothing can produce so great a serenity of life as a mind free from guilt, and kept untroubled not only from actions but from purposes that are wicked. By this means the soul will not only be untroubled, but not disturbed; the fountain will run clear and untroubled, and the streams that flow from it will be just and honest deeds, a brisk energy of spirit which makes a man an enthusiast in his joy. For as shrubs that are cut down for the morning dew on them do for a long time retain their fragrance, so the good action of a wise man performs his mind and leave a rich rent behind them. So that joy, as it were, is watered with these sentences and owes its durability to them.

Place Was Transformed

Overseas Visitors Unaware They Were Received In Historic Room

Many of the guests at the Government garden party in Ottawa visitors to No. 10 Downing Street were quite unaware that when they were received by Mrs. Baldwin and Miss Chamberlain it was in the Cabinet Room, states a London publication. This dignified but unpretentious room, the most famous in the British history, is not in the least cluttered of its usual furnishings and in particular of the big table at which so many fatal decisions have been taken. So unlike a meeting room it looked that one well-known overseas guest, as he left it, asked if it would be possible for him to have a look at the Cabinet Room. "But you have just come out of it," he was told. "Let me go back and have a good look round it," he replied, and he went.

The right arm of a man or woman is usually longer than the left.

There is an open air bath for the blind in Berlin. 2111

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R. S. Service A. Haskin
Proprietors

Thursday, Sept. 12th, 1935

Mr. and Mrs. B. Kunst have taken up their residence in Medicine Hat.

Geo. Clark, of Vancouver, B.C., is in town renewing old acquaintanceships.

A. Haskin arrived back on Saturday night from a holiday trip.

Mrs. A. K. McNeill, who has been on a holiday vacation, arrived home Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Caldwell, of Cabri, are holidaying at the coast.

Mrs. W. Highmore, who has been at Banff for the past two months, arrived home, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. McGill, of Burstall, Sask., were visitors in town, Sunday. Mr. McGill is bank manager at Burstall.

The Women's Missionary Society will meet at the home of Mrs. F. A. McRae, on Thursday afternoon, September 19th, at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Smith, and two children, daughter-in-law of Mrs. Angus McDonald, arrived at Blindfold on a visit, Wednesday.

Mrs. K. I. Spence, and son, Lloyd, and Mrs. E. S. Sexton, arrived home Wednesday, from a holiday trip.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Thompson, and children, of Bowden, Alta., have taken up their residence in town. Mr. Thompson is principal of the local high school.

It is stated that a gas-water pumping well is to be drilled on the Buffalo district. The busy Island Lake area, near Medicine Hat, we understand is also to be developed. This development is on the Saskatchewan side of the boundary.

Messrs. D. Lush, M.L.A., N. D. Storey and D. McEachern, attended the Social Credit convention, at Medicine Hat, Saturday. Three nominees for federal candidate were chosen.

Dr. A. K. McNeill
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

Physician and
Surgeon
Phone 44

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Patronize Your Local Butcher

Messrs. Mitchell and Fleming, of Medicine Hat and Mueller, of Huesar, Selection of one of these three men to contest the federal constituency of Medicine Hat, was to be made by the advisory committee on Wednesday. Mr. A. Mitchell, was chosen.

Infantile Paralysis Spreading

Infantile paralysis cases are apparently spreading. Two cases are recently reported at Lloydminster, and schools are closed and public gatherings are forbidden in the districts from Kitcooty to Edmonton.

Social Credit Candidates May Contest Sask. and Man. Seats

Following the announcement that all federal seats in Saskatchewan are to be contested in that province, steps were being taken Monday for nomination of Social Credit candidates in all Manitoba federal constituencies, according to W. Sanders, organizer for Manitoba.



A HEALTH SERVICE OF
THE CANADIAN MEDICAL
ASSOCIATION AND LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANIES
IN CANADA

Undulant Fever

Malaria fever, as it was generally known, was first brought to the attention of the medical profession during the Crimean War. The germ of this disease was discovered by Bruce in 1887, and some years later it was found that the source of the disease was goats' milk. Goats that were apparently healthy secreted the germs in large numbers in their milk.

These observations were confirmed when, after the military forces were ordered to boil the milk, the disease disappeared in a dramatic manner.

It was not until recent years that, in this and other countries, we have come to recognize a new disease to which has been given the name, undulant fever. This disease is apparently the same as Malaria fever. But while in the Mediterranean area, the disease is commonly spread by goats' milk, here it is usually spread by the milk of cattle suffering from contagious abortion, or Bang's Disease, the germ of which was discovered by Bang in 1897.

It appears as if one family of germs is responsible for several different diseases. For practical purposes, it is the same germ which was discovered by Bruce and Bang, and which is found in goats, sheep, cattle, hogs and other animals, and finally in man.

Undulant fever in Canada is usually contracted by those who drink fairly large amounts of raw milk. It is occasionally the result of contact with infected animals. Contagious abortion of cattle is by no means rare, and it is known that cows infected with contagious abortion do, like the goats on the island of Malta, secrete the

germs for a long time in their milk.

As a disease of man, undulant fever is so irregular in its course and symptoms that a description is apt to be misleading. In most cases there are weakness, sweating and chills, with loss of appetite and pains, accompanied by fever and loss of weight.

Several well-marked and differentiated clinical types of the disease are recognized. Some cases are very mild and the patients never feel ill enough to take to their beds; in others, there is a long drawn out inter-

mittent illness, lasting for several months, part of which time is usually spent in bed; occasional cases are acute, severe and rapidly fatal.

The diagnosis is made certain by laboratory tests of the patient's blood. The duration of the infection is variable and cannot be predicted. No specific remedy is known as yet.

Undulant fever rarely occurs among those who drink pasteurized or boiled milk. On the farm, contact with infected animals should be avoided, or else proper precautions taken; as the germ may enter the body through the skin.

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